

University of Imam Muhammad

College of Science



General Physics 101
(1435-1436)

Student Name	Student ID	Section

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Choose the correct answer

1- Acceleration is always in the direction:

- A. of the displacement
- B. of the initial velocity
- C. of the final velocity
- D. of the net force

2- When a certain force is applied to the standard kilogram its acceleration is 5.0m/s^2 . When the same force is applied to another object its acceleration is one-fifth as much. The mass of the object is:

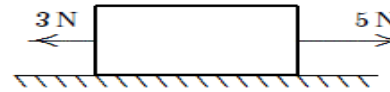
- A. 0.2kg
- B. 0.5kg
- C. 1.0kg
- D. 5.0kg

3- Mass differs from weight in that:

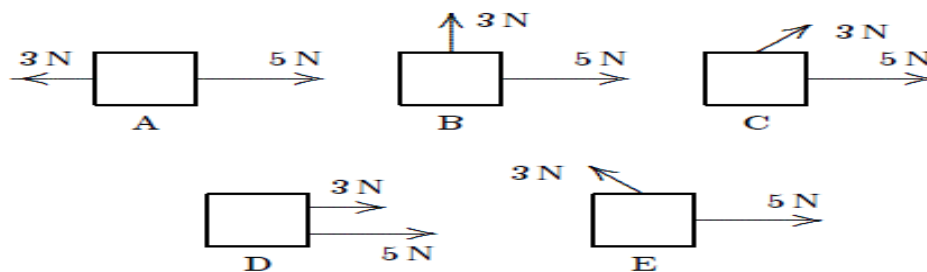
- A. all objects have weight but some lack mass
- B. weight is a force and mass is not
- C. the mass of an object is always more than its weight
- D. mass can be expressed only in the metric system

4- The block shown moves with constant velocity on a horizontal surface. Two of the forces on it are shown. A frictional force exerted by the surface is the only other horizontal force on the block. The frictional force is:

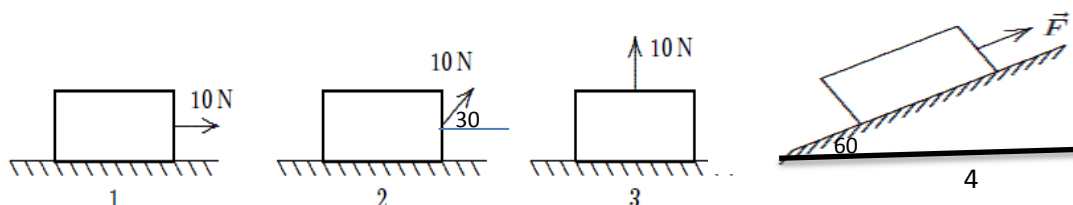
- A. 0
- B. 2N, leftward
- C. 2N, rightward
- D. slightly more than 2N, leftward



5- Two forces, one with a magnitude of 3N and the other with a magnitude of 5N, are applied to an object. For which orientations of the forces shown in the diagrams is the magnitude of the acceleration of the object the least?



6- A crate of 10 kg rests on a horizontal surface and a woman pulls on it with a 10-N force. Calculate the normal force according in each situation



- A. (98, 103, 88, 84.9) N
- B. (-98, 93, 88, 84.9) N
- C. (98, 93, 88, 49) N
- D. (-98, 103, 88, 49) N

7- Equal forces F N act on isolated bodies A and B. The mass of B is three times that of A. The magnitude of the acceleration of A is:

- A. three times that of B
- B. $1/3$ that of B
- C. the same as B
- D. nine times that of B

8- A 6-kg object is moving south. A net force of 12N north on it results in the object having an acceleration of:

- A. 2m/s^2 , north
- B. 2m/s^2 , south
- C. 6m/s^2 , north
- D. 18m/s^2 , north

9- An object rests on a horizontal frictionless surface. A horizontal force of magnitude F is applied. This force produces an acceleration:

- A. only if F is larger than the weight of the object
- B. only while the object suddenly changes from rest to motion
- C. always
- E. only if F is increasing

10- A 400-N steel ball is suspended by a light rope from the ceiling. The tension in the rope is:

- A. 400N
- B. 800N
- C. zero
- D. 200N

11- A block slides down a frictionless plane that makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The acceleration of the block is:

- A. 980 cm/s^2
- B. 566 cm/s^2
- C. 849 cm/s^2
- D. 490 cm/s^2

12- A 32-N force, parallel to the incline, is required to push a certain crate at constant velocity up a frictionless incline that is 30° above the horizontal. The mass of the crate is:

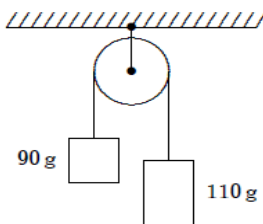
- A. 3.3kg
- B. 3.8kg
- C. 5.7kg
- D. 6.5kg

13- The “reaction” force does not cancel the “action” force because:

- A. the action force is greater than the reaction force
- B. they are on different bodies
- C. they are in the same direction
- D. the reaction force exists only after the action force is removed

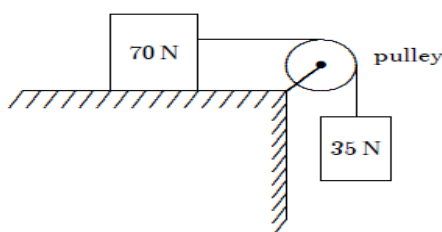
14 - Two blocks are connected by a string and pulley as shown. Assuming that the string and pulley are massless, the magnitude of the acceleration of each block is:

- A. 0.049 m/s^2
- B. 0.020 m/s^2
- C. 0.0098 m/s^2
- D. 0.98 m/s^2



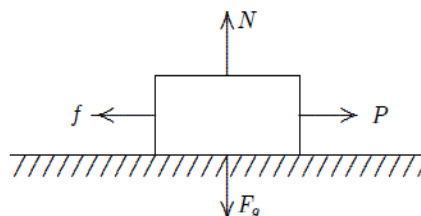
15- A 70-N block and a 35-N block are connected by a string as shown. If the pulley is massless and the surface is frictionless, the magnitude of the acceleration of the 35-N block is:

- A. 1.6 m/s^2
- B. 3.3 m/s^2
- C. 4.9 m/s^2
- D. 6.7 m/s^2



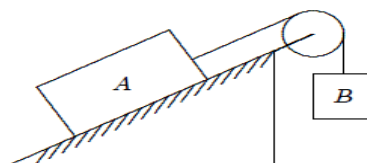
16 - A boy pulls a wooden box of 4.2 kg along a rough horizontal floor at constant speed by means of a force P as shown. Calculate the magnitude of the friction force if the coefficient of static friction force is 0.2 ?

- A. 8.23 N
- B. 8.4 N
- C. 0.84 N
- D. 21 N



17 - Block A, with a mass of 10 kg, rests on a 35° incline. The coefficient of static friction is 0.40. An attached string is parallel to the incline and passes over a massless, frictionless pulley at the top. The largest mass m_B of block B, attached to the dangling end, for which A begins to slide down the incline is:

- A. 2.5 kg
- B. 3.5 kg
- C. 5.9 kg
- D. 9.0 kg



Solution

Best wishes

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